# THE DEMOCRAT.

DEVOTED ENTIRELY AND EXCLUSIVELY TO THE INTEREST OF THE PEOPLE.

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# HONOR TO CLEVELAND.

## "What's the Matter With Cleveland and Stevenson?"

## "THEY'RE ALL RIGHT"

**The Democracy of Clallam County Ratify the Nominees — Enthusiasm in Plenty—Speeches by Able Speakers—Colonel Lewis' Name Cheered.**

All Port Angeles ratified the nomination, by the Democratic party, of Grover Cleveland and Adlai E. Stevenson, for president and vice-president of the United States, Monday evening.

The enthusiasm in the local Democracy since the nomination had been intense. The nomination had been expected; it had been desired. When the news was received that the scheming politicians had been turned down, and that the will of the masses of this people had prevailed, in the nomination of that great man, who is regarded as the truest exponent of political truths on the continent, the pent up enthusiasm could hardly be restrained. It needed but the sound of the booming anvils, the display of bunting, and strains of the martial music Monday evening to give voice to the heartfelt enthusiasm of the people.

All arrangements had been made by the committee for a grand celebration, and the greatest expectations of those in charge were more than fulfilled.

At 8:30 the fun begun. The The band paraded from Lincoln street down front street; the anvils begun their booming on Front street and the sharp, irregular and deafening rattle of fire crackers and bombs reported everywhere, simultaneously. All this intellegent confusion, taken with the mingled shouts and babble of many tongues made a scene and an incident not soon to be forgotten by the citizens of Port Angeles. In less time than it takes to tell it, the throng on the streets made them almost impassable.

Long before the appointed hour, nine o'clock, the opera house began filling with those wanting to make sure of seats. The opera house, truly, bore an holiday attire. Starry bunting was drapped around the hall in tasty loops and over the stage. On either side of the platform large flags were hung in graceful folds. Immediately over the chairman's stand was a large painting of Grover Cleveland On the left of this, was the motto, "A public office is a public trust," and on the right was, "Unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation." Other mottos conspicuously displayed were, "Less taxes, more money," and "Cleveland and freer trade."

At 9 o'lock when the speakers of the evening and other prominent Democrats filed onto the stage they found an audience, filling every seat and all the standing room in the large Opera House. The audience was as intelligent and as large as any that had ever assembled in Port Angeles opera house, numbering 700 or 800, at least. One striking feature was the number of ladies present and the interest they took in what was said, by the speakers. Every thing was in good condition. The Gate City band never gave better service. It advanced its already high standard of effeciency.

At nine o'clock, John W. Troy, who had been selected as the chairman of the meeting, called the audience to order amid applause. After thanking the Democracy for the undeserved honor conferred upon him as presiding officer, the chairman said:

"The occasion for this meeting is obvious. I need not state it. I see that in your intelligent faces.

This display of patriotic colors, this intelligent confusion, this hearty enthusiasm, tell in language more eloquent than I can command that the occasion for this assembling is to do honor to that great man, who is the very embodiment of all that is best in Americanism—Grover Cleveland, who has been again called upon to lead the Democracy to victory."

The speaker then briefly related the story of the corruption of city affairs in Buffalo, the demand for, the nomination and the election of Grover Cleveland, as mayor. The conditions created by the first Republican administration in New York in fifteen years, and how the people of that great great state called upon and elected the fearless young mayor governor. He then claimed that the people of the United States were suffering from the effects of three years of Republican rule and demanded the nomination and election of Cleveland as president. The Democratic leaders at Chicago, true to their Democracy, bowed to the will of the majority.

Every mention of Cleveland's name brought fourth enthusiastic applause and cheers.

Judge Lane was then introduced as a tried and true Democratic war-horse from Missouri. Judge Lane spoke for an half hour; He claimed that all Nature was pleased at the action of the Democratic Convention at Chicago. He showed how similar conditions had confronted the Chicago and the Minneapolis conventions and how differently they were acted upon. The Republican masses demanded the nomination of Blaine. They refused to comply with their demand and nominated Harrison.

Judge Lane then related the story of the old party of the people. How it had stood its ups and downs Had been defeated time and time again, but is still doing battle for principles of truth and justice, stronger than ever.

He then briefly sketched the career of Grover Clevland. He showed up his sterling qualties as a man of honesty.

Judge Lane was frequently applauded and when he mentioned the name of James Hamilton Lewis in connection with the governorship, the cheering was deafening.

Judge Lane was followed by Prof. A. M. Johnston. He referred in eloquent language to the enthusiasm, to the glad huzzas of a happy people, occasioned by the nomination of their choice for the presidency. Reference was then made by the speaker to Cleveland's record as an executive officer. Professor Johnston's speech was well received throughout.

Donald McInnes was the next speaker. His speech was enthusiastic. Mr. McInnes made a great speech. It was well received by all. His telling hits, ridicule and logic caught the audience. Mr. McInnes referred to the Democratic and the Republican convention, showing the difference between the Democracy where the masses always control, and Republicanism where the politicians paid no attention to the clamor. He referred to the honor done Blaine by the Democratic National Convention. Mr. McInnes finished with an eloquent peroration on the popularity of Grover Cleveland.

The name of Blaine was heartily cheered by the great number of Republicans in the audience. In this the Democrats on the stage and in the audience joined. But it was at the next mention of Cleveland's name that the audience showed up its Democratic feeling by nearly raising the roof.

Mr. Louis R. Flowers followed Mr. McInnes. He commended in warm terms the wisdom of the Democratic National Convention in heeding the demand of the people for the leadership of the great apostle of tariff reform. They had met to perform a high and noble duty, and the result of their deliberations was overwhelming evidence of the heroic and masterly discharge of the solemn obligation. The speaker appealed to the better thought of Americanism that the supreme moment had arrived in the existence of the country, when their influence should dominate and guide and direct the affairs of the country. The Democratic party had placed itself on record as the great champion of the people's rights and it was the bounden duty of every lover of good government to aid that party by action and with the ballot to succeed in its grand undertaking.

Mr. R. A. Grimes was introduced as a gentleman from that state where every man was an orator—Kentucky. Mr. Grimes made a happy speech that was frequently loudly applauded. He endorsed the platform that claimed that taxes should be levied according to the necessities of government and the ability of the taxpayers rather than on the basis of their ignorance and patience. He said a great wave of reform was engulfing the nation—it started at Chicago and was being wafted by the breeze of patriotism in every direction. It is already felt in every corner of our great country.

Mr. Grimes was cheered as he finished with an elegant peroration in laudation of Grover Cleveland, the great reformer.

Dr. F. S. Lewis was then introduced. The applause that followed was an evidence of the popular esteem of Port Angeles for this fearless and able exponent of free trade. Dr. Lewis, after paying a glowing tribute to Grover Cleveland's honesty and courage, in taking an advanced stand against the protection policy when it meant his certain defeat, said that for the first time in many years he was able to heartily support a candidate and a platform of one of the two great political parties. He spoke of his gratification at the Democratic party's bold and decided stand on the tariff, as shown by their platform. "The Democratic party," he said, "has made progress. The councils of Carlisle, Mills and the radical reformers prevails." The doctor then referred to the nomination of Gen. Stevenson, as an old greenbacker. He referred to his fight against the national banks. As usual, Dr. Lewis was logical in his arguments against protection, and in favor of reform. The applause at his conclusion was great. It had about died out, when a voice in the audience asked, "What's the matter with Lewis?" "He's all right!" came the ready reply from all over the house, followed by applause and cheering. In introducing Mr. Preston M. Troy, the last speaker on the program, the Chairman said:

"One of the most conspicuous signs of the times, politically, is the recent political activity of our American colleges We are fortunate tonight in having with us a young man who has been prominent in this movement in that greatest American University, the University of Michigan."

Mr. Troy in the course of his remarks made some telling points. He, as a university student, showed that the great universities of the United States, saving the one exception of the University of Pennsylvania, taught the free trade doctrine to be correct. He challenged the Republicans for saying that free trade is correct in theory but wrong in practice; saying that such cannot be so. Mr. Troy claimed that theory is based upon facts known to be true and is a result that must necessarily follow. He attacked Major McKinley for saying that 'the consumer does not pay the tax;" that "under the old tariff law we exported money with which to buy foreign products;" that "exports have been larger since the passing of the McKinley bill." The speaker further said because of the McKinley bill the tin plate and the pearl button industries had been brought into existence. They exist upon the same principle that a pauper exists.

He referred to McKinley's recent utterences that "if there is anything good to be done in this country the Republican party has got to do it," by saying that there is something good to be done now, in the way of removing taxation that prevents us from being a free and equal people and the Democratic party under Grover Cleveland must do it.

Mr. Troy showed himself to be an orator of no mean ability. His arguments were logical and all based upon the sure foundation of truth.

"Dave Crockett was called for at the conclusion of Mr. Troy's speech, but he excused himself by saying that he was saving his voice and breath to "yell for James Hamilton Lewis next week." This brought the House down again. James Hamilton Lewis has a warm place in the hearts of the people of Clallam county.

### AT THE CAPITOL.

WASHINGTON, June 20, 1892.

"Whitelaw Reid may be forced off the Republican ticket in a few days." Such were the startling words of a big Republican who was a prominent Harrison worker at the Minneapolis convention. The Harrison people are just beginnig to realize what a big blunder Reid's nomination was, and they have a strong suspicion that they are the victims of a put up job, that the anti-Harrison men, who it will be remembered controlled the New York delegation, prepared the whole scheme in advance so as to make Harrison's defeat certain before the people, if they failed to accomplish it before the convention. In proof of this they point to the fact that a committee from the New York typographical union was in Minneapolis to vouch for Reid's having turned his newspaper office over to union men—a statement, by the way, was misleading, inasmuch as no change had at that time been made or fully agreed upon. Now, it costs money to send a committee from New York to Minneapolis, and the Harrison folk want to know who sent those printers and who paid their bills out there, and if the Reid business was not prepared in advance, why they were sent there at all. These are awkward questions to answer.

It was to talk about this, as much as about the Cabinet and other vacancies that Chauncy Depew was sent for. It was believed that he knew nothing about the inside workings of the Reid scheme, it being thought that he was imposed on at the time; but his knowledge of New York politics is relied upon to aid in getting to the bottom of the matter. Reports have already come in from all sections, stating that members of labor organizationa will not support any ticket with Whitelaw Reid's name on it; they refuse to vote for a man who for years has been one of the most persistant and powerful enemies of organized labor in this country. Friends of General Grant have also been numerously heard from; they too refuse to support the ticket if Reid remains upon it.

These things have alarmed Mr. Harrison and his managers, and they have started a movement to get rid of Reid. They hope to make the pressure so strong upon him that instead of writing the usual letter of acceptance Reid will decline, on the plea of important and complicated personal business requiring all his attention, or any other plea that may suggest itself to him; the important thing being that he decline the nomination.

The scorching report adopted by the majority of the House committee on reform in the Civil Service, which investigated the charges made by "Teddy" Rooseveldt of violations of law by Federal officials in Baltimore, is not calculated to add to Mr. Wanamaker's comfort during the warm weather, although "Teddy" Rooseveidt probably enjoys it greatly, as it is a complete vindication of the truth of his repot. It charges Mr. Wanamaker with being either entirely ignorant of the terms of the law, or determined that this particular violation of it should not be punished, and says that the dismissals recommended by the Civil Service should be made.

After looking over the calendar and seeing that all of the Appropriation bills, except the general deficiency had been passed, and that the House was a long way ahead of the Senate, the Democratic Representatives concluded that as nearly all of them wished to go to Chicago to help nominate the next President and Vice President, it might be a good scheme to give the Senate a chance to catch up. So the House adjourned from Saturday to Wednesday, and on Wednesday it will adjourn until Saturday.

To-day it is difficult to find a Democratic Representative. They are all at Chicago, and a goodly number of Senators are keeping them company. Predications as to the result are now out of order; the result itself is too near to bother with guessing about it. It always makes a fellow feel bad, too, if he guesses wrong.

Chauncey Depew has, if Republican officials are to be believed, put Mr. Harrison in a rather awkward predicament. Mr. Harrison thought to tickle Chauncey and attach him permanently to the Harrison camp by tendering him the vacant Secretaryship of State, having been informed that Depew's business arrangements with the Vanderbilts were such that he could not possibly accept. What was his surprise, therefore, when Depew took lunch at the White House and the offer was made him, to be informed that he wanted a little time to consider the matter, instead of getting the positive declination that was expected. If Depew accepts, and the impression appears that he will, something else will have to be found for Secretary Tracy.

### Sheets' Administrator.

The impression has been quite general throughout this county awaiting the friends of the late J. T. Sheets, that an administrator had been appointed to settle his estate, but such is not the case. Howard Tilton has applied for letters of administration, but it will not be determined until the sitting of the court of San Juan county which occurs July 12th, after which those persons having claims against the estate of J. T. Sheets can have them properly adjusted by filing their bills with the administrator first having property sworn to them.

It is more than probable that Mr. Tilton will receive the appointment of administrator, whose address is care of Webb & Co., Seattle.

### Honored Abroad for His Attainments.

A dispatch from Portland, Or., under date of June 22nd, says: United States Judge Deady, Judge Northup and Judge McArthur, returned here this morning from Eugene, where they had gone to be present at the addresses before the state university. They were enthusiastic in their comments upon James Hamilton Lewis. Judge McArthur said that his address was admitted unquestionably to be the finest delivered before the societies since the organization of the university. "It was," said he, "not only the finished oration of a learned scholar, but an able speech of a thoughtful man." Mr. Lewis addressed his oration to the decline of republics with the decline of intellect and the refusal of patriotism to continue loyal to a government whose wealth when allowed to accumulate in the few is permitted precedence over wisdom, and to debase the liberties and privileges of the many. His address closed in one hour and forty, at the end of which, amid continued applause, he was surrounded and closed about by the professors, the faculty and the visiting ladies and gentlemen who were present in the crowded hall, seeking to congratulate him. If Colonel Lewis was a candidate for governor of this state instead of Washington, this speech it is claimed here would elect him by 5,000 majority.

### An Estimate of Cleveland.

James Russell Lowell said in an address before the Boston Tariff Reform Club:

"I feel myself strongly attracted to Mr. Cleveland as the best representative of the higher type of Americanism that we have seen since Lincoln was snatched from us. * * * Every word he says is weighed with what he is. * * * We are here to felicitate each other that this man understands politics to mean business, not chicanry; plain speaking, not paltering with us in a double sense; that he has had the courage to tell the truth to the country without regard to personal or party consequences."

### He Was Surprised.

Mr. Reid says his nomination surprised him, and no doubt he speaks the truth. But it didn't surprise the Typographical Union. It was snickering in its sleeve over the nomination days before it was made.

### Dungeness Will Organize K. of P.

A movement is on foot to organize a Knights of Pythias lodge in Dungeness, and in all probability it will be an assured fact in the near future. There are now four members of that order in this vicinity—H. J. Lipsett, T. Miller, Frank Wilkins and Joe M. Ballinger—who are pushing the organization. The Masonic fraternity in this vicinity are also contemplating organizing.

# THE DEMOCRAT.

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JOHN W. TROY.....Editor


### YOUNG DEMOCRATS.

The Port Crescent Leader and the Townsend Leader attempt to question the correctness of THE DEMOCRAT'S position as to the scholar in politics. The fact that there are more Democrats than Republicans attending most of our great colleges, strikes these learned authorities as only proof of the fact that more Democrats are probably able to attend college than others, and the Townsend organ even suggests that these change their politics after they become better educated.

Neither of these positions are correct. As stated by THE DEMOCRAT the young men who are taking an active interest in the politics of the country are largely Democratic. In the present national House of Representatives there are nineteen members under thirty-five years of age; of these sixteen are Democrats and three are Republicans. Thirty-nine members are under forty years of age, of these thirty-one are Democrats, seven are Republicans and one a Farmers' Alliance.

Another point, too, many of these, notably Geo. Fred Williams, jr., Sherman Hoar, John F. Andrew, jr., John C. Crosby of Massachusetts, and John T. Moses of Georgia, are all of Republican fathers who were prominent in the politics of war times.

Nearly all of these young men are college graduates. Those from Massachusetts are all from Harvard college, and are actively associated in their state with the young men's movement in that state that has taken nearly every college professor and scientific thinker in Massachusetts with it—that has twice elected William E. Russell, one of their members, he being only 35 years of age, governor of the state.

The movement has become so formidable that it leads Harper's Weekly, that conservative New York journal, to say that "Harvard is turning out too many Democrats for Massachusetts ever to go Republican again," The movement in Harvard has extended fully to Ann Arbor, the University of Wisconsin and largely to Yale, while John's Hopkins has been in advance of them all in its Democratic tendency.

This is all easily understood when it is considered that all of these colleges teach free trade to be correct. The only school of note in the United States teaching the now exploded doctrine of protection is the University of Pennsylvania, and they find it exceedingly difficult to keep their chairs of political economy filled.

A letter to the editor of THE DEMOCRAT from an old California professor who has been connected with John's Hopkins University for several years, after congratulating THE DEMOCRAT for having stood by Grover Cleveland when expediency seemed to direct otherwise, said "although I have been a Republican for thirty years, I hope to vote for the great, honest, courageous free trader this fall. Old John's Hopkins is unanimous for Grover Cleveland. We believe in his thought."

The better thought of America are interested in the fight for freedom of the classes. They are opposed to any policy or principle that compels one man to divide the profits of his labor, in order to make a millionaire out of some one else. They claim this is not only unnatural, but an unjust interference with the unalienable rights of mankind to "liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

### HON. ALLEN WEIR.

Hon. Allen Weir, Secretary of State, he who so often rushes in "where angles fear to tread," has evidently permitted his cunning to persuade him that "caution is the better part of valor."

After challenging THE DEMOCRAT to a discussion of the tariff question which was accepted, he fails to come to time with his argument.

THE first copy of the Dungeness Beacon has made its appearance. The Beacon is a bright and newsy little paper, and, although Republican in politics, it promises war to the knife on some of the Republican county leaders.

THE Graphic of Port Townsend appeared Tuesday as a Democratic morning daily. The Colfax Commoner came out as as daily containing all the telegraphic dispatches, on the 20th. This is also a Democratic paper. So the good work goes on.

THE reception given Mayor Smith and Col. Coolican Tuesday was a well-merited and fitting tribute to a conscientious, thoroughly painstaking and able official and a business man of pluck, energy and great pudlic worth.

THE nomination of the domieeering, cold, aristocratic opponent of organized labor, Whitelaw Reid does not take well with the people. There are even rumors in Washington that he will be asked to not accept.

THE Democratic ratification Monday night was a great success. It was easily the most significant meeting of its kind ever held in Clallam county.

JAMES HAMILTON LEWIS was heartily cheered, as the next Governor at Seattle's ratification meeting.

EVEN Dana of the New York Sun is supporting Cleveland. He intimates that it were better to support the devil than have the Republican party control.

THE nomination of A. E. Stevenson, it is thought will make Illinois Democratic.

SEATTLE has a Cleveland and Lewis Club.

### GENERAL A. E. STEVENSON.

#### E. A. FitzHenry Talks About His Old Friends---The Stevenson Family.

Mr. FitzHenry who was the Democratic candidate for county surveyor at the last election, and who came near winning too, is intimately acquainted with Adlai E. Stevenson, the Democratic candidate for vice-president, they both being from Bloomington, Illinois.

Mr. FitzHenry says, "there is not a man living who can say a word against Mr. Stevenson." "He is," said Mr. FitzHenry, "a perfect gentleman and an able lawyer." Everybody in his neighborhood admire and like him personally. His son, Louis Stevenson, graduated from the Bloomington High School together, and attended the State Normal University where they were chums and classmates. Mr. FitzHenry is much pleased over the nomination, and says that nearly every one, Democrats and Republicans, in Bloomington besides all the old Greenbackers in the state of Illinois will vote for Stevenson, who is remembered warmly for his noble fight against the National Banks while in Congress.

Mr. FitzHenry has many words of praise for the Stevenson family who were left orphans at an early age, but who educated themselves and worked into prominence by their industry and ability. Two of the boys run a hardware store at Bloomington, one is a farmer at LeRoy, Ill., and one is in California and is well-to-do.

### THE DEMOCRATS BEATEN.

#### But Do the Better Playing at Sunday's Base Ball.

The game of base ball played by the Democrats and the Republicans was hard fought. The Democratic boys showed superior skill as players, but lacked practice They lost the game by a scratch only. Had it not been for a comedy of errors in the third inning. when they, after the Republicans were two out, permitted the Republicans to get in seven runs. The boys redeemed themselves, though, after the fifth inning. shutting the Republicans out without a score for four straight innings. They, however, failed to recover, from the errors of the third inning.

The score by innings:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Reps..... | 2 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —21 |
| Dems..... | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 3 | —19 |

Otto Shields was umpire for the first five innings, when Sam P. Carusi, jr., took charge of the game.

They will play for a purse next Sunday at the same grounds. There will not be so much kicking, as it is especially understood that the umpire's decisions shall be taken.

Ladies are invited to attend.

### GENERAL STEVENSON.

General Adlai E. Stevenson, the the Democratic nominee for vice-president, is a resident of Bloomington, Ill. He was born in Christianson County, Kentucky, October 23, 1835. He attended Center college at Danville, Ky., and when 19 years of age removed with his father's family to Bloomington, Ill., where he studied and was admitted to the bar in 1859. He located at Matamora, Waterford county, Illinois, and engaged in the practice of his profession, remaining there for 10 years.

In 1864 he was named as the presidential elector for the district.

In 1869 he returned to Bloomington, formed a law partnership with J. S. Ewing, which still exists. He was elected to congress by the Democrats of Bloomington district in 1874, although the district had always been strongly Republican. In 1876 his party again nominated him for Congress, but he was defeated. He was a delegate to the national convention in 1888, and was appointed first assistant postmaster general by President Cleveland. At the close of the Cleveland administration he returned to Bloomington In 1877 President Hayes appointed Mr. Stevenson a member of the board to inspect the military academy at West Point.

The recent Illinois state convention elected him one of the delegates at large to the convention. He was serving in that capacity when nominated for the vice presidency.

### PORT TOWNSEND PEOPLE INVITED

#### To Attend The Fourth of July Celebration Here.

The following letter was sent by the committee on invitation to the press, to the mayor, to the members of the common council and to the citizens:

PORT ANGELES, June 29th.

You are most cordially invited to attend the celebration of the coming Fourth of July at Port Angeles, Wash.

An unusual effort has been made to make the same a grand success. The committees appointed have diligently worked and have prepared a splendid program for the entertainment of our guests. The program includes, among other pleasures, the grand march, representing delegations from every part of the county and Victoria, B. C., all lodges and societies from Port Angeles and Clallam County, after which follow the usual exercises of the day, followed by entertainments and sports, including baseball and Caledonian games, foot races, boat races, canoe races and horse races, for which purpopse good purses are offered. Grand display of fireworks ay the Princes of Orient during the evening, and concluding with a grand ball at the opera house.

We urge your presence at Port Angeles on that occasion, and we ask your kind co-operation in this matter by joining a delegation from your precinct or district.

Arriving at Port Angeles please make your presence known to the reception committee, who will be glad to receive you and direct you to the grounds and will give such other information as you most desire. Most respectfully yours,

LOUIS WILLIAMS, Secretary.
W. W. GRAY,
Chairman Com. on Invitation.


Those straw hats are going like "hot cakes" at the New York Clothing House.

#### To the Trade.

I have just received a large invoice of one of the best brands of California canned tomatoes, bought at a bankrupt sale, which I will sell at 10c per can or one dollar and five cents per dozen, until sold out.

1 D. G. HARVEY.


#### Nature's Imprint.

One of the most novel, unique and suggestive little souvenirs, on which nature's imprint has been indelibly stamped, is being finished in an artistic manner by Mr. Bork of Johnson & Bork. It is simply a clam shell. But nature has stamped a perfect outline of Port Angeles' harbor on the inner surface of the shell of this palatable bivalve.

Mr. Bork has collected a large number of these shells, and is embellishing them with art's finishing touches. The brush has wrought a wonderful change. Like, almost, the magic touch of the magician's wand, there appears a veritable birds-eye view of Port Angeles—on the calm, placid bosom of its suberb harbor is seen the merchant marine of nearly every nation; numerous sails dot the straits, and with one sweeping glance a complete panorama of Port Angeles, its situation, its surroundings, is presented.

As soon as Mr. Bork finishes the work, these neat little souvenirs will be presented to citizens, who, it is hoped, will send them to inquiring friends at the East.

It would be a capital idea for citizens to have five or ten thousands or even a greater number of these shells sketched, as they would certainly provide a most admirable advertising device, for gratuitous distribution at the world's fair next year.

The World's fair committee should take this under consideration, as no more effective plan could be adopted to judiciously advertise Port Angeles.

#### A Polite Polished People.

Very few people, aside from those who have learned the language or who had business dealings with the Japanese people know that they are as a nation almost faultless in manner sand exceedingly polite in speech. When the steamer Phra Nang steamed into port last Friday says the West Coast Trade, some few of the spectators whose khowledge of foreign manners and customs is evidently very meagre, were heard to indulge in rude jests and uncomplimentary speeches regarding the dress of some of the Japanese passengers on board. Sir Edwin Arnold says their language is a marvel of politeness and refinement, and it was their grammar that contains no imperative mood, no oaths or terms of abuse which induces him to visit Japan. The word "fellow" is the worst word in their language, and under influence of great excitment or vexation a a man might give way to such an expression as "There! "there!" but not an oath is ever heard. A Japanese would never say: "Where did you go?' but: "Where did you augustly condescend to repair?" When you seek admittance to his house instead of bidding you to "Come in," he would say: "May it please you to condescend the honorable entrance." In a word, all the Japanese people seem to honor each other rather than themselves. Many an American could learn useful lessons in etiquette by visiting Japan.


"Where did you get that stylish straw hat?" At the New York Clothing House of course.

New stock of boots and shoes at the New York Clothing House.

A full line of women's and children's shoes and slippers at the New York Clothing House.


#### Oppose Annexation.

The squatters on the reservation met Sunday afternoon to give expression to the sentiment regarding the communication recently issuing from the city council relative to a joint meeting at some future date of the squatters and the council, to discuss the advisability of extending the city limits to include the reservation. The sentiment of the meeting was decidedly opposed to becoming a part of the coporation of Port Angeles at the present time.

They believed that the movement was somewhat premature, and thought that there was no reason for undue haste in this important matter. The proper time, they thought, to take definite action would be after the government gave them title to their property.

#### Gone to Farming.

Enterprising citizens of Port Townsend says The West Coast Trade are cutting a good crop of hay from the streets of the Key City, and storing it away for future use. It is authoritively stated that, in order to grow the crop, they do not even have to put out the customary law sign: "Keep off the grass."


Buy one of those handsome necktiés at the New York Clothing House.

The New York Clothing House, the leading clothier, has just received some handsome patterns in ready-made clothing direct from Eastern markets.

A fine assortment of boys' and men's straw hats at the New York Clothing House.


#### Declamation Contest.

Two prizes were offered for the best declamations by scholars of the public schools in Mr. Merrifield's room. The first prize was $3, the second $2. The contest took place at the Methodist church last Tuesday evening. Ten scholars competed for the prizes. While all of the competitors exhibited elocutionary ability of a high and commendable degree, those, in the opinion of the judges, who displayed greater proficiency, more points of excellence, were Edgar Chitwood and Dora Maggart, to whom the prizes were awarded.

# NATIONAL HOLIDAY.

## A Grand Demonstration at Port Angeles, Wash.

### How a Patriotic People Celebrate---The Procession---Sports and Games---Fine Display of Fireworks---Ball at the Opera House---Program.

Yes, Port Angeles will, as a patriotic people, celebrate the National Holiday. The safety, the solidity, the purity of any government depends largely upon the degree, manifest of patriotism which exists among the people. When true loyalty to country, deep reverence of its institutions, is a firm, intense sentiment, the flag never droops, but waves proudly and majestically over a united, liberty-loving people. The commemoration of the Day of National Independence is not to inspire the old, but to awaken in the minds of the young the noblest sentiment of all, love of country; and to instill in these young minds correct impressions and principles. With each succeeding year this sentiment should grow, should expand, should develop, until in the hearts of every true American there dwells that love of home that finds admiration throughout the civilized world.

The programme given below affords sufficient variety so that any one can find amusement according to his taste. Come and celebrate with us, and make the day one continuous round of pleasure.

### PROGRAMME

### FIRST DIVISION

Grand March will form at Central school house at 9:30 a. m. sharp.
Indian Chief Leads Procession.
Six Mounted Lady Guides.
Speakers Carriage.
Flag Bearer.
Gate City Band.
Marshal of the Day and Two Aids.
Grand Army of the Republic.
Float Representing the Goddess of Liberty Surrounded by the States of the Union.
Knights of Pythias Lodge.
Float of School Children.
Squatters' Association.
Fire Department
Lodges and Societies of Port Angeles and Vicinity.
Base Ball Clubs.

### SECOND DIVISION

Flag Bearer.
Two Mounted Marshals.
Victoria Band.
Reception Committee.
Twelve Young Ladies Carrying Forest Bouquet Surrounded by a Squad of Boy Soldiers.
Victoria Children and Guests on Float and Wagons.
School Children in Charge of Teachers.
Citizens in Line.
Mounted Marshal in Charge of Farmers Brigade.
March of Procession from Central School House up First to Francis, Francis to Front, down Front to the Tumwater Plateau.

### LITERARY EXERCISES.

Selection by the Band.
Prayer by Rev. Squires.
Recitation of the Declaration of Independence, by Mrs. Lena Wilcox.
Address of Welcome by the Mayor.
Song, Red White and Blue, Ben C. Keller,—Chorus by School Children.
Orators of the Day.
Hon. W. R. Gay, Preston M. Troy, Esq., and Col. J. S. Coolican.
Selection by the Band.

### SPORTS AND PASTIMES

Basket Picnic on the Grounds at 1 o'clock P. M.

Boys' Sports. Prizes $15.50, Including Boys and Girls Foot Race and Tub Race on and in Front of Tumwater Plateau.

The Port Angeles Ladies' World's Fair Club and joint committees of the different Churches will have Charge of the Childrens' entertainments.

#### AT 1:30 P. M.

Base Ball Prize $15.00

Beacher Bay vs Elwha Indians.

Victoria vs. Port Angeles, Special Prize.

Boat Races. $45.00, in Front of Tumwater Plateau.

Large Canoe Race, 8 men or more, Prize $20.00. Single Canoe, 1 White Man Against 1 Indian, or Indian Against Indian or White Man against White Man $10.00. As many as want to may Enter.

Whitehall Boat Race; 2 Men to Each Boat, Prize $15:00

#### AT 3:30 P. M.

Hook and Ladder vs Hose Co., Race on Front Street Near Laurel, Prize $20.00

#### AT 4:30 P. M.

Horse Racing in charge of H. B. Crockett, on Front Street Between Albert and Liberty, Prizes $125, 6 Running Races. A Small Entrance Fee will be Charged to Increase the Amount Donated by the Committee.

Afternoon Concert at the Opera House, to Entertain and Rest the Weary During the Afternoon Recess to the Time of the Display of Fireworks.

#### AT 9 P. M.

Grand Display of Fireworks by the Princes of the Orient.

#### AT 10 P. M.

### GRAND BALL

At the Opera House. Grand Supper at the City Hotel.

Reception Committee wears Badges, any Information Sought will be gladly given by any of the Committee.

LOUIS WILLIAMS, Marshall of the Day with H. B. CROCKETT, Dr. E. GEORGE, CAPT. DENNIS, W. L. KETCHUM, FRANK FISHER, Aids.


We Keep on hand a Complete stock of Legal Blanks and all kinds of Fine Stationery. The DEMOCRAT

MONEY TO LOAN

On ranches only; am prepared to close without delay loans of small or large amounts at very reasonable terms. THOS. MALONY

P. J. WILLIAMS
THE JEWELER.

Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Etc.

Repairing a Specialty.
All Work Warranted.

—AT—
CLARK'S BAY VIEW HOUSE.
Front St., Port Angeles, Wash.

Port Angeles Pharmacy,
KELLER & RANDALL,
Successors to
P. F. KIERNAN.

Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.

PUREST of MEDICINES
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Everything in the Drug Line.
PORT ANGELES. - WASH

Lee & Souther,
DRESSMAKERS.
Parlors in
MASTICK BUILDING.

A Specialty Made of Children's Clothing and Ladies' Tailoring.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

For Fine Cigars and Candies go to the
GEM
WM. PENDERGAST, Prop.

PATRONIZE
White Labor!!
AT THE
Port Angeles
Steam Laundry.
Bradford & Co.

## IN THE COURTS.

**Grindings of the Superior Court During the Week—New Cases.**

Andrew Powell vs. William Banks, Annie Banks and A. Rose; complaint filed and summons issued; cause of action, forcible entry and detained; the property involved being a lot on the reserve.

Charles St. John vs. Emma St. John; decree of divorce rendered and custody of two children given to plaintiff.

Lewis Levy vs. Fleischner, Mayer & Co., decree entered dismissing this cause without prejudice to a new action.

Charles L. Wilson vs. R. N. Wilson and E. E. Hopkins; order entered allowing defendant ten days to file answer.

Gus Grauberg forswears allegiance to the czar of Russia. Annie Edmunson, Lena Hanson and Lena Roal performed the same ceremony as regards the king of Norway and Sweden, and all become subjects of the United States.

PROBATE COURT.

Order entered retiring W. F. Hooker of the guardianship of Nathaniel F. Tudor.

In the matter of the estate of O. P. Nelson, deceased; order entered appointing Ingoborg Nelson, administratrix.

In the matter of the estate of John Morris, deceased; order admitting will to probate.

## PERSONAL.

Alex Henderson, a prominent farmer of Dungeness, was in town last Tuesday.

Colonel Coolican and Mayor Norman R. Smith, arrived from Portland Sunday, on the steamer Michigan.

Mr. R. C. Wilson went to La Push, Tuesday on a business trip.

Colonel Coolican will go to Victoria Saturday.

Miss Florence Hastings returned from a visit with friends in Oregon, on the steamship Michigan, last Sunday.

Benton Embree went to Port Townsend yesterday afternoon.

Col. Frank Gestring of Gettysburgh, is in this city.

Michael Gough returned on the Garland Thursday.

Mr. Andrew Weymouth, county commissioner of Jefferson county, was in town Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bell, of the Signal Service Bureau, of this city, are in Walla Walla. They will return home next week.

Mrs. Stratton of Port Townsend, was in town this week looking after her property interests here.

Judge J. A. Kuhn, of Port Townsend, was in this city last Wednesday.

Mr. D. G. Harvey, one of Port Angeles' prominent business men, returned from Seattle Sunday, having attended the dedication of the splendid new Masonic temple, which was recently completed in that city at a cost of $60,000.

Sheriff Gould left Thursday morning for Tacoma to attend the Sheriffs' Convention; he will also witness the execution of Salvador Picani which takes place in that city today.

Richard Martin, of Dungeness, was in this city Tuesday.

Col. Frank Gestring is in this city.

John Brown, of Sequim, visited Angeles this week.

G. W. Hill, of Clallam Bay, is in this city.

Elias Cays, of Dungeness, was in Angeles Saturday.

R. T. Smith, of Clallam Bay, returned home to-day.

## LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

The Fourth Monday.

Dungeness wants a barber shop.

The Olympia Standard states, "rumors prevail that work will soon begin on the uncompleted portion of the Port Townsend Southern Railroad." Where so many rumors are floating about, there certainly must be some foundation. It is earnestly to be hoped that such may prove to be true.

The average citizen had much cause for rejoicing this week. He had reason to rejoice over the safe triumphant return of the Port Angeles delegation from Washington, and he had every cause to rejcice with the Democrats at the grand ratification Monday night.

A patriotic people will fill the air with outbursts of true patriotic isue throuthout the width and breadth of this land of fredom next Monday.

This much can be truthfully said: The Port Angeles delegation undertook a most commendable object, and they have succeeden in an eminent degree. Therefore THE DEMOCRAT, with the citizens of Port Angeles, extend congratulations for the patriotic labor reformer.

The Port Angeles delegation, just from Washington, speak words of encouragement for the future of the Gate City, They say it is destined to be one of the great commercial ports of the Pacific's inland sea.

July 1st.

The Dungeness brick-yard has manufactured 150,000 bricks for the local trade.

Dungeness will have two brick business structures.

The teachers' institute will be held in Port Angeles [illegible] July 11th, to the 16th inclusive. The institute will be directed by Mr. F. A. White, of Elwha.

It is estimated that fully 1,000 visitors will attend the celebration here on the Fourth.

Quite a number of prominent Democrats from the country attended the Democratic ratification Monday night,

Frank P. Fisher will have charge of a farmers' brigade on the Fourth All farmers are requested to confer with Mr. Fisher.

The Hastings' Steamboat Company are about to close negotations for a large and better boat for this water. The improved service cannot begin too soon to meet the universal approval of the community.

An excursion party will undoubtedly be arraaged from Port Townsend on the Fourth to visit Port Angeles.

Every business place should be decorated with evergreen.

All boys wanting to compete in the tub race, please bring your tubs and a shingle.

"The Democrat Club" that has run so successfully during the winter has changed its headquarters to the city Hotel.

The Congregational Sunday School will commence again next Sunday at 2 o'clock. All are invited to attend.

A quantity of oak bark has been received from San Francisco for the Pacific tanning extract company at Clallam Bay. It will be treated for an experiment to ascertain its merits compared with local hemlock bark.

The Clallam County Abstract and Trust Company have had a large bulletin board made to use in connection with their increasing business.

Dungeness has a newspaper, and it is a very creditable issuance. The new paper made its appearance on Friday, It is a six-column, patent-outside folio and is called the Dungeness Beacon. The local columns are well filled with newsy, spicy items. The editorial columns are vigerously and clearly edited, and proclaim the cause and the interest of the Republican party. The editor and manager is Mr, Joe M. Ballinger, late of Port Angeles.

**Notice of Dissolution.**

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Sauter & Zerenner, doing business under the name and style of Sauter & Zerenner, merchant tailors, have this day dissolved partnership. Mr. P. Sauter retiring. The business will be conducted at the same place by the succeeding partner, Mr. Adam Zerenner, who will pay the indebtedness and collect the bills due the old firm. A continuance of the liberal patronage extended the old firm is respectfully solicited by the new. First-class work is guaranteed in every particular.

PHILLIP SAUTER,
ADAM ZERENNER.

Port Angeles, Wash., June 28.

**Pardonable Pride.**

Citizens of Port Angeles have reason to point to the record made by the public schools during the year just closed, with pardonable pride. The proficiency, marked advancement and intelligent acquital of the scholars at the closing exercises is certainly a high compliment to the teachers of the various departments for their endeavor to promote the grand cause of education. Parents speak in eloquent terms of the advancement made by their children, and feel that the teachers have done their duty in an impartial manner. One fact to be regretted in this connection is that the closing exercises were not attended by more parents. Teachers naturally feel that their work is not appreciated when the general public does not take an interest in the public schools.

Certainly you will attend the Fourth of July ball. You doubtless are aware that nothing adds so much to the polish and finish of your attire, as a neat, delicate and appropriate necktie. Where can you get it? At the New York Clothing House.

The largest, most carefully selected and the most stylish designs of neckties for the Fourth at the New York Clothing House.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS.

The following were the guests at he City hotel:

E. W. Mudgrett, Seattle; C. M. Gregory, Seattle; George W. Tupler, Port Townsend; A. W. Horne, Pt. Townsend; M. D. Burk, Tacoma; F. L. Anderson, South Bend, T. Walker and wife, Portland, U. Walker, Portland; George Hatch, City; S. S. Inome, City; John Gordon, Pysht; W. S. Boyd, Seattle; H. P. Thrall, San Francisco; Paul Barnes, Lake Crescent; Frank R. Keoeing, San Francisco; C. M. Albso, Tacoma; Mrs. Mekles, Tacoma; Mrs. L. B. Stratton, Port, Townsend; J. A. Kuhn, Port Townsend; W. C. Campbell, Tacoma; H. E. Snood, Seattle; J. Stanley Hudson, London; Louis Retz, Seattle; J. J. Wilson, D. C. Ashman, Sagman.

**To the Trade.**

I have just received a large invoice of one of the best brands of California canned tomatoes, bought at a bankrupt sale, which I will sell at 10c per can, or one dollar and five cents per dozen, until sold out.

1 D. G. HARVEY.

Anything in gent's furnishing goods at the New York Clothing House.

An immense stock of boots and shoes at the New York Clothing House.

The best assortment of gents' underwear at the New York Clothing House.

The Fourth is approaching. You contemplate the purchase of suitable clothes for that occasion. The question arises, who has the largest stock, and the l[illegible]

# A HEARTY WELCOME

## Extended Mayor Smith and Colonel Colican.

## A GRAND BALL.

**The Squatters Heartily Welcome Our Washington Delegation—An Interesting Programme—Some Good Speeches Mrs. McQuirk Praised.**

The reception given by the squatters and citizens of Port Angeles to Mayor Smith and Col. J. S. Coolican Tuesday was enthusiastic and sincere.

The Opera House was well filled long before 8 o'lock, the hour the procession started from Squatters' Hall led by the band.

After the band came Mayor Smith and Col. Coolican, and behind them came a delegation of squatters in working clothes, armed with axes, saws, and other implements of toil.

Over 800 persons were in the Opera House when the curtain rose on a beautiful and truthful squatters log cabin scene. An original sketch, showing some of the trials of a Port Angeles squatter, was well enacted. The cast was good, Geo, Meagher as the original squatter, trying to jump the home of Mr. Grubstake, the new squatter, did his part in his usual graphic style. Mr. Smythe and Mr. Ritchie as Mr. and Mrs. Grubstake, and Mr. Ketchum as the English nobleman, who was done out of his $200 by the original squatter, all acted to the entire satisfaction of the large audience.

The stage was filled with squatters at this time, when Chief Squatter Henson introduced Mayor Smith and Colonel Coolican. Six little girls were ushered on and sang a song of welcome, presenting Mayor Smith and Col. Coolican each a bouquet of flowers grown on the reserve.

Louis Williams welcomed the delegation home in a short and appropriate speech. The solo "That I Alone Can Know," by George E. Fisher, came next. Mr. Fisher's appearance was heartily applauded, and, as usual, took the audience by storm. Miss Stewart rendered a piano solo from "The Daughter of the Regiment" in a very artistic manner. She was heartily applauded, and the recipient of several bouquets that were thrown on the stage. "Sleep Well, Sweet Angles" was sang by George E. Fisher, which again caught the audience.

The report of the delegation to Washington was now called for. The cheers which greeted Mayor Smith were long and loud. Mayor Smith then briefly related the story of their delegation's labor at Washington. He claimed that all credit was not due to the delegation. It was largely due to the fact that they represented Port Angeles. Mr. Smith then gracefully and feelingly acknowledged the receipt of the bouquet from the little children and gave them a short sketch of baby McKee to whom their petition was sent.

Mayor Smith then gave a short history of their work. How they were at times surrounded by difficulties but how they had succeeded by persistency. He paid Col. Coolican a glowing tribute for the manner in which he had stood by Port Angeles.

Mr. Smith then related their experience and work in San Francisco. How they had succeeded in getting the press in sympathy with them and had advertised Port Angeles extensively in their papers. How he had invited them all to Post Angeles, and promised them the freedom of the city. Mayor Smith was loudly applauded at his conclusion.

Colonel Coolican then spoke for nearly an hour, telling in his humorous manner of their experience. He gave much credit to Mayor Smith, and said that everyone who they had met said that Port Angeles should be proud of its mayor.

Col. Coolican then told the story of the organization of the Citizen's Association; how it had labored for Port Angeles, and how his company had been organized and had not asked a cent from anyone, but had worked for Port Angeles in season and out of season. He complained because some Angeles kickers had tried to head them off, and throw cold water on everything they had proposed to do, and had, [illegible] complishing what they had attempted. Mr. Coolican paid a glowing tribute to the ladies and others who had done so much toward the Angeles delegation's accomplishing their ends. Especial praise was bestowed upon Mrs. McQuirk, the authoress and newspaper writer, who had taken so much interest in their work.

The meeting closed amid enthusiastic cheering for everybody and everything.

The seats were at once removed from the room and dancing commenced and continued until a late hour.

Buy one of those stylish suits for the Fourth at the New York Clothing House.

A fine assortment of straw hats for the Fourth at the New York Clothing House.

**To the Trade.**

I have just received a large invoice of one of the best brands of California canned tomatoes, bought at a bankrupt sale, which I will sell at 10c per can, or one dollar and five cents per dozen, until sold out.

D. G. HARVEY.

Bank of Port Angeles makes farm loans for long and short periods.

**Real Estate Transfers.**

The following is a list of the transfers for the week ending June 29th, as furnished by the Clallam county Abstract and Trust Company:

| | |
|---|---|
| G A Cooper to G Theoparks lot 15, 17, 19 20, blk 6, Victoria add to Port Crescent | $ 60 |
| G A Cooper to J Packett lot 33, 37, 39, 41 blk 6 same add | 73 |
| T Moore to C W Westphal E ½ of surban lot 10, townsite of Port Angeles | 35 |
| F J Draper to J McCollum lot 19, blk 3 Railway add | 25 |
| W S Chandler to F Murer lots 6, 7, blk 12 Chandler & Coolican add | 224 |
| Same to E Miller lots 1, 2, 3, 4, blk 7 do surburban | 100 |
| Same to H A Buffinton lot 5, blk 6, do do | 50 |
| Same to B M Fisher, lots 27, 28, blk 12 lot 29, 30, blk 9 do | 204 |
| Same to R Cowan, lots 18, 19, blk 11 do | 100 |
| Same to R Bursis 9, 10, blk 9 do do | 102 |
| Same to M B Burris lot 8 blk 9 do do | 50 |
| Same to F Kenworth lot 7 blk 9 do do | 25 |
| Same to J Volhege lots 10, 19, 20, 21, 22, blk 4 do do | 200 |
| W E Smith to E Strawbridge lot 17 blk 1 Fuca add | 125 |
| S M Nalon to C Fish lot 1 sec 22 w ½ of n w ¼ and n w ¼ of s w ¼ sec 27-31-9 | 1 |
| C J Fisk to W E VanAllen et al do do do | 3000 |
| T O Lindsay to H A VanAmeringo lot 10 blk 14 Union Pacific 2nd add | 50 |
| C N Scott to C Williams lots 5, 6, blk 28 lot 1 blk 27 Woodlawn add | 150 |
| G D Farwell to A Cowell s e ¼ of n w ¼ sec 15 31-11w | 900 |
| E Cowell to A Cowell s w ¼ of n e ¼ and n w ¼ sec 15-31-11 | 1500 |
| P S C C to L. B. Gay lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 17, 19, 20 blk 52 townsite of Edgewood | 320 |
| L M Lane to L B Gay blk 1, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 8, 11, 12 13, 14, 17, 18, in Sunnyside add | 10 |
| M E Merchant to S S Irwin east half of Groveland farm | 1 |
| T Evans to M J Hall two acres in s w ¼ of s w ¼ sec 31-31-3 | 200 |
| P S C C to J P Russell w ½ of lot 11 blk 27 N R Smith's sub add | 125 |
| W W Shearer to A Deatry lots 14, 15, 16, P S C C first add | 375 |

**A First-Class Loan Company.**

The Mason Mortgage Loan Company of Tacoma are prepared to place loans in Clallam county. This is a home concern and liberal in all its terms. For information call on Thos. Malony, who is their agent for Clallam county.

A large assortment of elegant neckties at the New York Clothing House.

An elegant stock of neckties at the New York Clothing House.

A large, well selected stock of gents' underwear at the New York Clothing House.

**Teamsters Rally.**

All persons having teams and wagon, please bring your teams and carry a load of children from Morse's wharf to the grounds, decorate your wagons and take part in the procession.

4 to 5 hundred children expected from Victoria B. C.

No doubt the kindness toward children will bring out as many as can come, It certainly ought to be done and save the little children the walk.

**An Abundance of Pure, Fresh Water.**

An abundant supply of pure, fresh water is one of the greatest blessings to any community. In this respect Port Angeles has been, indeed, truly favored.

Nature was certainly lavish in providing a never-failing, adequate supply of pure, cool water, flowing from the snow-capped Olympics into the waters of Port Angeles' matchless harbor.

**Democratic Clubs.**

Democratic Clubs are now organized in nearly every city, town, village and hamlet in the state of Washingtohn. And it is almost needless to add that they are doing effective work, too, in promoting the great cause of tariff reform.

Disseminate the principles of true, of economical, of honest government, educate the people thoroughly in such principles and there need be no uneasiness as to the result.


# City Hotel,

**American and European Plan.**

Sample Room in Connection.
Free Express to all Boats.

L. F. PERSON, Prop.

# L. ROCKMAN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

## CIGARS, TOBACCO, CIGARETTES, PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

AGENTS FOR

The Lion and Imperial Fire Insurance Cos. of London.

# The First National Bank

—OF—

PORT ANGELES.

*Capital - - - - - $50,000*

W. W. GRAY, President,
D. W. MORSE, Vice-President,
C. P. BROWN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

F. M. Wade, D. W. Morse, W. W. Gray, David Gilmore, Lewis Levy, Frank Chambers, Sr.

THE ONLY NATIONAL BANK IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Transacts a general banking business. Accounts of Farmers, Stockmen, Merchants and others solicited.

FIREPROOF VAULTS FOR USE OF CUSTOMERS.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.


## Business Locals.

Bank of Port Angeles makes loans to settlers to prove up with.

Canned tomatoes 10 cents at Harveys'.

Tom Moore will show you some nice Reserve lots.

Fine imported cigars at Raymond's.

Fisher's Pharmacy the 'Old reliable.'

The best 5c cigar in town at Raymond Bros.

Tom Moore has some good insurance. Go get his rates.

Say! have you tried a sack of Del Monte flour at Harvey's?

The latest periodicals and finest stationary at Raymond Bros.

The tariff and a large slice of the profits are off all goods at Harvey's.

If you want the very best of everything, go to Fisher's Pharmacy.

Remember that Harvey sells nothing but the freshest of groceries, and is the cheapest house in town.

Tom Moore loans money on farms and city property. Buys warrants.

Try one pound of Harvey's favorite brand of Mocha and Java coffee and you will use no other.

First class domestic and imported liquors at bed rock prices at the Old Crow, George E. Fisher, proprietor.

WARRANTS — For highest price for city or county warrants, call on m20:tf THOS MALONY.

When you want a sack of flour, don't forget that the Del Monte is the best, and there is no duty on it at Harvey's.

If you have a few dollars to spend for groceries, you can save from ten to twenty-five per cent by buying at Harvey's.

Fisher's pharmacy has the most complete stock of fishing tackle ever brought to Angeles.

FARM LOANS, OPTION PLAN.
J. E. BEAM.

Cheap stoves, pumps, bath-tubs sinks etc. W. Banks, at Martin's sash factory.

The Port Angeles Steam Laundry makes a specialty of doing up collars and cuffs.

Patronize white labor and take your washing to the Port Angeles Steam Laundry.

Family washing at the Port Angeles Steam Laundry for from 25 to 50 cents per dozen for plain work.

Elegantly furnished rooms at George E. Fishers' Old Crow. Open day and night. A convenience for Hermosa passengers.

George E. Fisher has on hand a fine stock of imported liquors direct from the Hudson Bay company.

Call for a ham or swiss cheese sandwich when you inbibe in a glass of sparkling lager at the Old Crow.

Take home once in a while a few bottles of cold St. Louis Lager for your family.—Geo. E. Fisher's. Prescription.

Garden Hose, Garden Hose, Garden Hose. Largest consignment just received at Banks, next door to DEMOCRAT office.

Messrs. Bradford & Co., have leased the plant of the Port Angeles Steam Laundry and are prepared to do first class work. Patronage from out of town is solicited and all such orders will meet with prompt attention.

Go to Tom Moore for anything in the money line.

Money to Loan on Improved Farms on the OPTION plan.
E. BEAM, Port Angeles, Wash.

Geo. E. Fisher of the Old Crow, has always on hand, the best brands of cigars, such as "Lillies' Cuban Blossom," "Flor De Madrid," Olympian," "Rio Columbia" and other assortments.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

### Notice.

**To Simon Alberte and to all whom it may concern.**

Take notice that at a tax sale held in Clallam county, state of Washington, on the fifth day of August, 1889, by the sheriff of said county, there was sold and struck off to D. McInnes, Sr., lot number nine (9) of block number fifteen of the original government townsite of Port Angeles, in said county, for the sum of four dollars and seventy cents; that said lot was so sold for the delinquent taxes thereon for the year 1888, and the interest and penalty on said taxes; that said lot was for said year 1888 assessed in the name of "unknown owner;" that the amount required to redeem said lot from said sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is $26.17 and that the time for the redemption of said lot will expire on the 19th day of August, 1892.

Witness my hand and official seal this 31st day of May, 1892.

B. JOHN BAKER.
County Auditor of Clallam county, state of Washington
D. MCINNES, SR.,
by R. C. Wilson, his agent and attorney.

### Notice.

**To John D. Loman, and to all whom it may concern.**

Take notice that at a tax sale held in Clallam county, state of Washington, on the fifth day of August, 1889, by the sheriff of said county, there was sold and struck off to D. McInnes, Sr., lot number five [5] in block number thirty-four [34] of the original government townsite of Port Angeles, in said county, for the sum of four dollars and seventy cents, that said lot was sold for the delinquent taxes thereon for the year 1888, and the interest and penalty on said taxes; that said lot was for said year 1888, assessed in the name of "unknown owner;" that the amount required to redeem said lot from said sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is $12.12, and that the time for the redemption of said lot will expire on the 19th day of August, 1892.

Witness my hand and official seal this 31st day of May. 1892.

B. JOHN BAKER
County Auditor of Clallam county, state of Washington,
D. MCINNES, SR.,
by R. C. Wilson, his agent and attorney.

### Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to and by virtue of an order of the Superior court of Clallam county, State of Washington, made on the 8th day of December, 1891, I will in obedience to said order sell at public sale on

**Saturday, June 25th, 1892.**

at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Port Angeles, Washington, the following real estate of Reinhard Gasser, deceased, and described as follows:

The northeast quarter of section thirty-four, township thirty north, range five west, Willamette meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, appraised at $1,600.

Terms of sale—Twenty-five per cent of the price to be paid in cash on day of sale, and the balance to be paid in six months therefter, said deferred payment to be secured by note of purchaser with mortgage on the property to secure payment on said note. Said note to draw 10 per cent per annum. Said purchase money to be paid in United States gold. Deed at the expense of the purchaser.

D. P. Quinn.
Administrator of the estate of said deceased.
By John C. Murphy, his attorney.
Date of first publication May 27.

### Summons for Publication.

IN the Superior Court of Clallam county. State of Washington.

Emma E. Barthrop, Plaintiff
vs.
William G. Tucker, George W. Palmer, The Puget Sound Co-Operative Colony, T. J. Nolton, E. C. Adams and A. H. Adams, partners as Nolton & Adams Hardware Co., and August Albert Mitchell, Defendants.

The State of Washington to the above named defendants: William G. Tucker and George W. Palmer.

You are hereby notified that Emma E. Barthrop, plaintiff, has filed a complaint against you in the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Sixty days after the 27th day of May, A. D., 1892, and you are required to appear and answer said complaint within sixty days from said 27th day of May, 1892, and unless you so appear and answer the same on or before the 26th day of July, 1892, the same will be taken as confessed and the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, and the same will be granted.

The nature and object of the action is to recover judgment against the said George W. Palmer for the sum of $622.77, being the balance due on materials sold and delivered to said Palmer by the DeLion Barthrop Company, and used by said Palmer in the construction of the building known as the "City Hotel," situated upon lands described as follows, to-wit: A portion of lots numbered four, five and six, in block numbered sixteen of Norman R. Smith's subdivision of the townsite of Port Angeles, more particularly described as commencing at a point 155 feet east of the northwest corner of suburban lot number one of the townsite of Port Angeles, said point being on the south line of Front street in the city of Port Angeles, and thence running easterly along the south line of said Front street 150 feet; thence southerly at right angles to said south line of Front street 100 feet; thence westerly parallel to said south line of Front street 150 feet, and thence northerly to the place of beginning, situate in Clallam county State of Washington, which sidingsaid was so constructed by said Palmer for said defendant William G. Tucker, the owner of said lands, under a contract with said Tucker therefore, and to foreclose a certain lien perfected by said DeLion Barthrop company upon said premises for the said balance so due for said materials, by filing for record with the County Auditor of said Clallam county, on the 25th day of July, 1891, being less than ninety days after the last of said materials was so furnished, a claim and notice of lien upon said premises for said balance so due for said materials, which said claim and notice of lien are now of record at page 126 of volume 1 of the records of liens in the office of said county auditor of said Clallam county, and which said claim and lien and all the right and interest of the said The DeLion Barthrop company have been duly assigned to plaintiff.

Plaintiff prays that said lien may be foreclosed; that said premises may be sold and that from the proceeds thereof there be paid to her the said sum of $622.77, together with $1.60, the cost of recording said notice of lien, $40 as and for attorney's fees in this action, and her costs and disbursements in said action.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Superior court, affixed this 20th day of May, A. D. 1892. (SEAL)

WILLIAM K. CLARK.
county clerk
and Clerk of the Superior Court

R. C. Wilson, attorney for Plaintiff.
Date of first publication, May 27 1892.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

State of Washington, } ss.
County of Clallam. }

By virtue of an execution, or order of sale, issued out of the Superior court of Clallam county, State of Washington, on the 24th day of June 1892. by the clerk thereof, in the case of Merchants' Bank of Port Townsend, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. Norman R. Smith, defendant, No. 268, and to me as sheriff directed and delivered, commanding me forthwith to levy upon, seize and take into execution and sell according to law the property hereinafter described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment in said cause, interest and costs.

**Notice is Hereby Given** that I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for sheriff sales, to wit: at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 30th day of July, 1892, before the court house door of said Clallam county, Washington, in Port Angeles, said state, all the right, title and interest of said Norman R Smith, defendant, in and to the following described property to wit;

Five hundred and ninety-seven [597] shares of the capital stock of the Puget Sound Co-operative Colony of Port Angeles, Washington, as represented and called for by the following certificates of stock of said Co-operative Colony to wit:

Certificate No. 1723, representing 522 shares of said capital stock.

Certificate No. 1724, representing fifty shares of said capital stock.

Certificate No. 1725, representing 25 shares of said capital stock.

Also the following described real estate situate and lying in Clallam county, State of Washington, particularly described as follows, to wit:

All of the South half of the North East quarter and the North half of the South East quarter of Section twenty-seven, [27], in Township thirty [30] north, range six [6], west of Willamette Meridian, containing 160 acres.

Also the North half of Sun Urban Lot number thirty two [32], containing five acres more or less, in the town of Port Angeles, Clallam county, Wash, according to the official plat of the survey of said land returned by the Surveyor-General to the General Land office.

Levied upon as the property of said Norman R. Smith, defendant, to satisfy a judgment in said cause against said defendant amounting to $9,277.75 with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month thereon from the 29th day of April, 1892 and costs and increased costs of said suit, in favor of the Merchants' Bank of Port Townsend, a corporation, the said plaintiff.

Given under my hand at Port Angeles, Washington, this 1st day of July, 1892.

William B. Gould,
Sheriff of Clallam county, Wash

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE Superior court of the State of Washington, for the county of Clallam.

J W. Yandle, Plaintiff,
vs. No. 231.
Joseph Merris, defendant.

Under and by virtue of a special deficiency execution issued out of the above named Court, in the above entitled cause, and to me directed and delivered, I have duly levied upon as the property of the said defendant, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Clallam, state of Washington, described as follows, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section eleven, township thirty north, range seven west.

Together with all and singular the tenements, appurtenances and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in anyway appertaining. Therefor notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 25th day of June, 1892, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court house Port Angeles, county of Clallam, state of Washington, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment in said case with interests costs and attorney's fees, as stated in said execution, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder.

Dated the 10th day of June, 1892.

William B. Gould
Sheriff of Clallam county, Wash
W. W. Dedman, Deputy.
Date of first publication, June 10, 1892.

## Sheriff's Sale.

IN THE Superior court of Clallam county state of Washington.

J. W. Glaze, Plaintiff.
vs. NO. 193
P. A. Meagher and Mable Meagher, Defendants.

—NOTICE—

Under and by virtue of a decree of judgment, in foreclosure of mortgage, order of sale and special execution, issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled cause, and to me directed and delivered, I have duly levied upon as the property of the said defendants, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Clallam, State of Washington, described as follows, to-wit:

Lot 9 in block 47 in the original government townsite of Port Angeles, Wash., Clallam county, according to the government map now on file in the land office at Seattle, Washington, together with all and singular the tenements, appurtenances and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in anyway appertaining: Therefore notice is hereby given, that on

**Saturday, the 2nd day of July, 1892.**

at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day at the North front door of the Court House, in the county of Clallam, State of Washington, I will sell the above described real estate or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment in said case, with interest costs and attorney fees as stated in said execution, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder.

Dated the 10th day of June, 1892.

WILLIAM B. GOULD,
Sheriff of Clallam Co., Wash.
W. W. DEDMAN, deputy.
Date of first publication June 10.

## SUMMONS.

IN the Superior Court of the state of Washington, for the County, of Clallam.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, } ss. Cause, No. 261.
CLALLAM COUNTY.
Charles St. John, Plaintiff,
vs.
Emma St. John, Defendant

**The State of Washington to the above named Defendant.**

You are hereby notified that Charles St. John, plaintiff, has filed a complaint against you in the Superior court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this summons, to wit; sixty days after the eighth day of April, 1892, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 10th day of June, 1892, the same will be taken as confessed and the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint herein.

The object and nature of said action is for a divorce from the said defendent and a complete dissolution of the marriage now and heretofore existing between the plaintiff and defendant on the ground of desertion and abandonment by the defendant of the plaintiff without cause more than one year before the commencement of this action.

Plaintiff prays for general relief and the custody of two minor children.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior court, affixed this 7th day of April, A. D. 1892. (SEAL)

WILLIAM K. CLARK,
County clerk,
and clerk of the Superior court.

HAMMITT B. WILLSON, attorney for plaintiff.
Date of first publication, April 8, 1892.

**Notice for Publication.**

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH.,
April 25, 1892.

Complaint having been entered at this office by John McPhee against Henry Coegriff for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 12583, dated November 25, 1889, upon the lots 1 and 2, nw¼, se¼, and nw¼, sw¼, section 18, township 30 north, range 2 west, in Clallam County, Washington, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the

**15th Day of June, 1892**

at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of this office that personal service cannot be had it is hereby ordered by publication, posting and mailing according to rules and 14 of Practice.

T. M. REED, Jr., Register

## Road Notice.

**To James A. Dickinson:**

Take notice that at the session of the board of county commissioners of Clallam county, Washington, commencing on the 2d day of May, 1892, the undersigned and others presented to said board their petition praying for the laying out and establishment of a county road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the New Dungeness public cemetery, in the county road at that point, and running thence east sixteen rods and thence southwest to the north boundary line of the Barrows Donation claim, the whole of said proposed road lying in the southeast quarter of section 35 in township 31, north of range 4 west, in said Clallam county, and within lands owned by you, and the whole length of said proposed road being about 38 rods;

That on the third day of May, 1892, said board, upon the hearing of said petition, duly made an order appointing Thomas Clark, Andrew Abernethy and Joseph Henderson, viewers to view said road, and Warriner Smith surveyor to survey the same and specified in said order a time and place of meeting of said viewers and surveyor.

That said viewers and surveyor will meet at the house of the undersigned near New Dungeness in said county at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on Monday the 13th day of June, 1892, as specified in said order, and then proceed to view and survey said road.

That claims for compensation or damages on account of the laying out of said road must be presented to the said viewers at or before the said meeting.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1892.

GEORGE LOTZGASELL,
Principal Petitioner
By R. C. Wilson, his attorney.
Date of first publication May 13, 1892. 18

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

IN the Superior court of Clallam county, state of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of James Heard, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of James Heard deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 29th day of April, 1892, by the Superior court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, at my residence on Second street, between Vine and Albert streets, on the Port Angeles townsite reserve, near the city of Port Angeles, in said county, within twelve months after the date of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1892.

R. P. WALLIS.

R. C. Wilson, his attorney.

## Summons by Publication.

State of Washington, } ss
County of Clallam. }

In the Justice court of Port Angeles, Precinct No. 1. W. E. Burnside, Justice of the Peace.

**To W. J. S. Lawson:**

In the name of the State of Washington, you are hereby notified that The Puget Sound Co-Operative Colony has filed a complaint against you in said court, which will come on to be heard at my office in Port Angeles in Clallam county, State of Washington, on the 25th day of June, 1892, at the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m., and then and there answer, or the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is that you are indebted to plaintiff in the sum of $77.25 for merchandise and lumber, sold and delivered, and the further sum of $8 for rent.

Therefore plaintiff demands judgment against you for $85.25 and costs.

Complaint filed May 23, 1892.

W. E. Burnside, Justice of the Peace.
R. C. Wilson, att'y for plaintiff.
Date of first publication, May 27. 20

# DIRECTORIES

### Public Officers.

Governor, - - - - E. P. Ferry
Lieutenant Governor, - C. E. Laughton.
Secretary of State, - - Allen Weir
Treasurer, - - - A. A. Lindsley
Auditor, - - T. M. Reed
Attorney General - - W. C. Jones.
Supt. Public Instruction, - R. B. Bryan.
Commissioner Public Lands, - W. T. Forrest.
Senators, Watson C. Squire and J. B. Allen
Congressman, John L. Wilson.
State Senator, - - F. W. Hastings.
R. O. Dunbar.
Judges Supreme Court { T. C. Stiles, C. H. Hoyt, Thos. Scott
Land Officers-Seattle Dist. { T. M. Reed, jr., Register. C. H. Gleason, Receiver.

### County Officers.

Representative, - - Smith Troy
Superior Judge, - - J. G. McClinton
Commissioners, { W. W. Gray, A. U. Davis, John Gordon.
Clerk, - - - Wm. K. Clark.
Sheriff, - - - Wm. B. Gould.
Assessor, - - - Thos. Kneph.
Auditor, - - - B. John Baker.
Attorney, - - - Geo. V. Smith.
Treasurer, - - Warren R. Dodge.
Surveyor, - - Warriner E. Smith.
Coroner, - - Dr. W. W. McGeorge.
Justices of the Peace Port Angeles Pre. { Jno. M. Grant, Louis Williams.
Constables Port Angeles Precinct, { Thos. McDonald, W. D. Stivers.

### City Officers.

Councilmen, { D. McInnes, F. S. Lewis, William Peterson, J. M. Bell, F. R. Thompson, D. P. Quinn, Edward Metcalfe.
Mayor, - - - Norman R. Smith
Clerk, - - - C. K. Humphries
Treasurer, - - P. F. Kiernan.
Marshal, - - - P. A. Meagher.
Attorney, - - Geo. C. Hatch.
Engineer, - - -
Police Judge, - - S. P. Carusi.
Street Commissioner. Charles Tillman

### LODGES.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR.- Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month at Masonic Hall. All members of the order invited to attend.
MRS. S. LAND, Acting Worthy Matron
MRS. MABEL R. THOMAS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.—Port Angeles Lodge, meets every Tuesday on or before the full moon, in Masonic Hall, Colony Building.
W. BRUMFIELD, W. M.
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Gate City Lodge, No. 65, meets every Wednesday evening at Masonic Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend. W. BRUMFIELD, C. C.
R. A. GRIMES, K. of R. and S.

G. A. R.—Pacific Post No. 48, meets every first and third Friday of each month, at Masonic Hall, at 7:30 p. m. All comrades in good standing cordially invited. C. M. ARMBRUST, P. C.
HUGH R. MORRISON, Adjutant

PACIFIC WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS—No. 21, auxilliary to the G. A. R., meets every first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall, at 2:30 p. m. MRS. C. M. ARMBRUST, President.
MISS BABCOCK Sec.

FUCA ENCAMPMENT, NO. 19, I. O. O. F.—Of Port Angeles, Wash., meets every Wednesday night at 8:00 p. m., at McDonald's Hall. All visiting brothers are cordially invited to be with us. JACOB HARDEY, C. P.
Attest: D. R. CALLEN, Scribe.

I. O. O. F.—Home Lodge No. 82. meets every Monday at 7:30 p. m at McDonalds Hall.
W. ADAMS, N. G.
L. D. STEWART, Cor. Sec

I. O. R. M.—Callam Tribe, No. 4; eets every Monday evening at 7:30 p. m., in Masonic hall; visiting Redmen are invited to attend.
S. P. Carusi, D. H. Poynter,
Chief of Records. Sachem.

I. O. O. F.—Challam Lodge No. 72, meets every Thursday evening at 7:30, at Hall in Colony Building. P. A. Meagher, N. G.
I. B. TAYLOR, Secretary.

I. O. G. T.—Angeles Lodge No. 27, meets every Friday evening at 7:30, at McDonald's Hall.
WM. REX, C. T.
ROY McCLINTON, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR—Port Angeles Lodge, Local Assembly No. 2686, meets every Tuesday at 7:30 p. m., at McDonald's Hall.
E. E. SEEVERS, W. M.
BURNS, Secretary,

CARPENTERS' UNION No. 260—Meets every Tuesday at L. Henderson's, Second and Pine streets, 7:30 p. m. D. R. CALLIN, R. S.
L. HENDERSON, Pres.

CLED ON AN CLUB—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30, at McInnes & Campbell's office over First National Bank.
WM. RITCHIE, Chieftan.
D. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

PORT ANGELES SQUATTER'S ASSOCIation.—Meets every Tuesday night at Snatter's Hall, corner Lincoln and Fifth streets.
W. B. Main, C. S.
D. O'Brien, Secretary.

### CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. J. M. Baxter pastor. Services every Sunday in church on First street at 10:30 a. m, and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school immediately after morning service Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 All are welcome.

GERMAN LUTHERAN—Rev. Hansen, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month at the Congregational church at 2:30 p. m.

CATHOLIC Services at 10:30 a. m. every Sunday, corner Second and Laurel streets. Rev Father Faber, Pastor. All are invited to attend.

## A GENTLEMAN OF HIS WORD.

### Twelve Years Not Too Long for One Man to Remember a Promise.

"What makes some men the soul of honor?" asked the story teller. "Every one of us has had some experience in life to prove to us that there are men of unimpeachable honor. I think the most honorable gentleman whom I ever met was a man of absolutely infernal luck. I first saw him in a frontier town. He had been a cowboy, but he had got caught in a terrible winter back on the plains, and at the time I first saw him he was only a wreck of a man, with legs misshapen and weak, and eyes that were nearly blind. He seemed to be just clinging to life in that little Colorado town, doing what little he could in barrooms or going slow errands, until fate should be kind enough to take him away from his misery.

"He stopped me in the street one night.

"'Will you lend me ten dollars?' he said roughly. 'I am in a bad way and I need it.'

"Now ten dollars was a good deal of money to me at that minute, for in my western experience I had my ups and downs, and at that time I was having my 'downs.'

"'Wouldn't a dollar do you?' I asked, for the fellow looked so bad that I wanted to do something for him, but I knew that I should never see my money again.

"'No,' he said doggedly, 'it won't. I want to go to Denver. I am about crazy with pain and I want to get there and see if I can't find some relief. I haven't a cent in the world.' (There were a good many men in that little town who were in the same predicament.)

"'But I can't spare ten dollars,' I answered. 'I need it.'

"'You don't need it so much as I do,' he said fiercely. 'Lend it to me. I'll pay it back to you. Give me your name and address. I'll find you—if I live.'

"Well, I gave him the ten dollars. I told him that he need not worry about paying it back. I expected to get out of my troubles some day and then I should not feel the need of it.

"'No,' he said. 'I won't touch it on any other condition. I want to pay it back with interest—12 per cent. a year.' (Money was worth something out there.)

"So I wrote out my name for him, giving him as my permanent address the home of my family in the east. The next day he went to Denver. Shortly afterward I climbed into a saddle and rode away to 'punch cows.' I punched them with varying success all over the Colorado grazing fields for nine years. Having had enough of cattle raising by that time and my ideas of great fortunes having been considerably modified, I sold out my cattle and came back.

"Of course, after the first few months following my loan of ten dollars to the cripple, he never came into my thoughts, though there were times when that ten dollars would have been a good friend, but I completely forgot about it. I had been east for three years, had married and was the proud father of the two handsomest children in New York, when a letter was forwarded to me from my father's home in Massachusetts. It was from the cripple. In it was a postoffice order for my ten dollars and interest on it for twelve years, at 1 per cent. a month. There was no word in the letter except thanks for my kindness and the assurance that he was now 'doing pretty well for him.'

"I call that man a gentleman and I told him so when I wrote him, and I also told him something in the letter which I hoped would please him—that on that day I had made the first bank deposit for my baby son, and that the amount was $24.40, his loan and the interest, and that though the interest for the boy would not be anything like 12 per cent., the deposit ought to bring him good luck. That's all there is to this story."—New York Tribune.

### A Faithful Car Horse.

A queer and intelligent Norwich animal is the Franklin street hill horse, belonging to the Norwich Horse Railway company. For several years she has done duty on the hill, and knows quite as much about the business of running horse cars as any other employee. She has no driver. After breakfast she trudges up to her station at the foot of the Franklin street hill alone, and when a loaded car comes to climb the steep grade voluntarily takes her place in front of it and helps to drag it half a mile to Rockwell street. At that point the driver relieves the hill horse, and she goes leisurely back to the bottom of the hill. Sometimes she goes clear down to Franklin square, where the cars are started, and exceeds her duty by helping the other horses along the route before the hill is reached.—Connecticut Cor. New York Sun.

### Knew He Was Going.

"I'm only a tramp," said a little, withered old man early yesterday morning in the Mulberry street police station, "but please let me stop here. I've walked a great deal. I'm footsore and weary. I won't be a bother much longer. I'll soon throw in my checks."

He had the pallor of death.

"I never take in any one at 3 in the morning," kindly replied Sergeant Horbelt, "but I'll make an exception in your case. Poor fellow, you look played out."

Yesterday morning Policeman Croughan took the old man, who gave the name of John Irving, to the Tombs police court. He wanted to be committed to the workhouse.

"The top o' th' morning, yer honor," he said to Justice Duffy. "This'll be th' last time I'll bother ye. Give me a good long sentence."

The justice, however, did not fix any specified time. Under the commitment the old man could get his liberty when he wanted it.

"Take your time," said the policeman, as he assisted Irving down the winding flight of stairs leading into the prison.

"My wife!" gasped the old man down stairs.

By this time they had reached the warden's office, where the pedigrees of the prisoners are taken anew.

"Well, what's the matter with your wife?" asked a keeper.

"She's in heaven!" replied the tramp. The next instant he fell back dead into the policeman's arms. — New York World.

### Came from Cuba to Vote.

The last vote deposited in Rhode Island at the recent election was the vote of Eugene McAuliffe, of Providence. The gentleman was in Cuba when he received a cablegram telling him of the urgent necessity for every vote. Consulting the shipping register, he found that by taking a steamer which sailed that night he might with good weather reach Boston the day before election. Two hours later found him aboard the ship. Adverse weather delayed the vessel, and at the dawn of election day the steamer was still out in the Atlantic. Port was reached late in the afternoon, and McAuliffe was just in time to take a train to Providence due just ten minutes before the time for closing the polls.

The train was four minutes late. Hurling himself into a hack he bribed the driver to get to the wardroom in six minutes or kill the horses. The clock was about to strike the hour as Mr. McAuliffe bounded into the booth. His cross marks were made with lightning rapidity, and he got in his ballot right on the last stroke. He will return to Cuba to complete the business he dropped to come back to vote. And yet there were some thousands of people in Providence who, I have no doubt, forgot to go to the polls or were "too busy" to give the time required for walking to the wardroom.—Cor. Boston Globe.

### Smelts in Abundance.

Smelts are so abundant in the waters at Castle Rock, Or., that a fisherman standing on the shore with a scoop net is able to dip out in a few minutes more than he can carry away. Thousands of pounds of the fish have been taken in this way recently.

Raise an invalid's head by putting your hand under the upper pillow, and, with as much firmness as possible, lifting it.

More than 100,000,000 Chinese, it is said, are engaged either directly or indirectly in the tea industry.

A bright scholar in a Vermont school stated in a composition that doughnuts were first made in Greece.

# TIN PLATE TRUTHS.

## THE TESTIMONY OF ACTUAL DEALERS IN THE ARTICLE.

### They Cannot Find the Much Vaunted "Tin, Tin, American Tin!"—Some Hard Facts for Protectionist Editors to Ponder—Where Is That Tin?

In order to determine the much mooted question whether tin plates are yet made in this country, except in an experimental way, the secretary of the Tin Plate Consumers' association sends out to the members of the association the following circular:

In furtherance of the objects of the Tin Plate Consumers' association the directors respectfully request the members of the association to furnish monthly returns of all American made tin plates purchased by them, beginning with the month of January, 1892; also stating whether any American made tin plates have been bought by them previous to the 1st of same month, and, if so, what quantity, sizes and kinds.

The names of those forwarding the information will be regarded as confidential by the directors, and will not be published. Respectfully yours, ROBERT GANZ, Secretary.

In response to this circular 115 replies have been received, of which exactly 100 declare that the writers have not bought any American made tin plate. Here are a few samples of the replies received:

California—San Francisco: We have not been able to obtain any American made tin or terne plates so far.

Connecticut—New Haven: We use only highest grade tin plate, and we have not heard of any of these being manufactured.

Illinois—Chicago: Haven't been able to find any.

Dundee: The tin plate which we use is not yet made in the United States.

Highland: Obtained none up to date.

Chicago: None of any kind except a sample box of 20 by 28 terne.

Indiana—Vincennes: We have not had any American made tin plate yet.

Indianapolis: We have obtained no American tin plates whatever.

Kentucky—Louisville: I cannot buy any that I know of.

Louisiana—New Orleans: As yet have not been offered any.

Maryland—Baltimore: Have not been able to obtain any. Have neither bought nor been offered any American tin plate.

Ridgely: We have never seen a sheet of American made tin plates, and never had any offers or quotations.

Massachusetts—Boston: Have not seen or heard of any American tin plates in this market.

Boston: We have not bought nor have we been offered a single sheet of American tin plate.

Michigan—Adrian: We have not been able to find any tin plates suitable for our use, except imported article. If you know of any manufacturers of the article we would like to have their address.

Missouri—Kansas City: On Dec. 3 last we ordered a carload lot of tin plates for January delivery from American manufacturer. There is no immediate prospect of getting same, and we will cancel order.

Nebraska—Omaha: None offered, and we do not believe there is any in the market.

Iowa—Sioux City: Five boxes.

New York—Brooklyn: Have neither bought nor had any offered to me. Have not been able to find any suitable for my purposes on making inquiry.

Buffalo: Have not bought any tin plate manufactured in this country; none offered at any price.

New York city: Have not seen any except in Tribune newspaper.

Waverly: None offered.

Woodstown: Have not bought any American tin plate. Do not know where it is made.

Ohio—Cincinnati: We have not bought or seen any American tin or terne plates for commercial use; only political.

Pennsylvania—Philadelphia: We have not been able to buy a single sheet of American tin plate.

Pittsburg: Cannot get any, but would like to.

Wisconsin—Milwaukee: We have not had any American tin plate offered to us, consequently have not made any purchases.

Of the fifteen replies stating that the writers have purchased American made plates, the following are examples:

Ohio—Cleveland: One box; but price too high for us.

Pennsylvania—Philadelphia: Five boxes. We have had no plates offered to us by any manufacturer. The above were bought to try the quality.

The entire purchases up to the present, since the duty went into effect here, amounted to only 665 boxes, or an average of less than six boxes to each of the firms which have sent in reports. And yet the high tariff journals are making the claim that we already produce several thousand boxes per day. But what becomes of this tin plate?

### What Garfield Thought.

It is very refreshing sometimes to pause awhile in the fight against tariff extortion, and while taking breath to bait the protection bull with some rag like this from one of Garfield's speeches:

"We have seen that one extreme school of economists would place the price of all manufactured articles in the hands of foreign producers by rendering it impossible for our manufacturers to compete with them, while the other extreme school, by making it impossible for the foreigner to sell his competing wares in our market, would give the people no immediate check upon the prices which our manufacturers might fix for their products. I disagree with both these extremes. I hold that a properly adjusted competition between home and foreign products is the best gauge by which to regulate international trade.

"Duties should be so high that our manufacturers can fairly compete with the foreign product, but not so high as to enable them to drive out the foreign article, enjoy the monopoly of the trade and regulate the prices as they please. This is my doctrine of protection. If congress pursues this line of protection steadily we shall year by year approach more nearly to the basis of free trade, because we shall be more nearly able to compete with other nations on equal terms. I am for a protection which leads to ultimate free trade. I am for that free trade which can only be achieved through a reasonable protection."

Had Garfield been a member of the Fifty-first congress he could not have been whipped into line by McKinley. He would not merely have talked against the McKinley bill, as Butterworth did, but he would also have voted against it, which Butterworth did not.

## AMERICAN WAGES ARE HIGH.

### But American Labor Is the Cheapest in the World.

J. B. Sargent is one of the largest hardware manufacturers in the United States. He has traveled around the world several times to learn as much as possible about the needs of foreign markets. In the following speech which he delivered at the hardware dinner in New York he tells why American labor is the cheapest labor in the world:

In agricultural tools and implements at least we take half the trade of the foreign countries outside of Europe, and in all kinds of edge tools we take half the trade of South America and of Asia. But, gentlemen, my time is more than gone and I will bring my remarks to a close by saying that with the manufactures of this country in their present condition, with our machinery, with our unrivaled help, with our skilled mechanics, and with you, gentlemen of the hardware and mercantile branches, there is no reason why we should not only hold our own in our own country, but take a large part of the trade of all the world.

The American manufacturer, with the American mechanic, has never seemed to realize his own strength or the strength of his own trade. We have, as I have always said, the most skilled, most willing, the most energetic and the most ambitious workers, workmen and mechanics anywhere to be found. Although our wages in this country—the earnings of men per day—are very much more than those of any other country, and especially of the countries on the Continent, who are our competitors, and although they earn so much more per day, still their labor to the manufacturer is cheaper than that of laborers in other countries.

In other words, the labor cost of almost any article of American hardware manufacture is less than the labor cost of the same article in any other country. The fear which so many of us have had of the pauper labor of England is a matter unworthy of consideration. The pauper labor of England, in the manufacture of hardware, as compared with our labor, may be compared with the cheap farm labor of India, where that class of labor is paid ten cents per day, as compared with our western farm labor in the raising of wheat. With land as plenty and as cheap, with millions of acres which are not used in India, but that are roamed over by wild beasts, with land in plenty, and with labor at ten cents per day—cheap labor in the usual acceptance of the term—still in this country we can produce wheat more cheaply than they can in India, and yet we pay one dollar per day for the labor.

In other words, the ten cent per day labor in India, under all the conditions that they have there, is not so cheap in the product obtained as is the one dollar per day labor of our western farmers. And so, if we will only take courage and go out before the world with our industries, with our machinery, with our intelligence and with our mercantile ability, we can conquer the world in industrial pursuits.

When I look upon this intelligent, this energetic, this ambitious company, it seems strange that any one should think that the industry and business ability of any other nation on the globe can compete with us in a free field and in a fair fight.

I have only to add that I know that you gentlemen of the hardware trade, you manufacturers and merchants will carefully consider the question that must come before you—of the greater freedom of trade; the question of placing ourselves with our raw material on an equal footing with the manufacturers of England. Whenever we do that we can certainly take care of ourselves in any quarter of the globe.

### Free Binder Twine.

It will not be denied that the great agricultural industry lies at the foundation of all others, and that its interests have in recent years been discriminated against in our laws and made tributary to many others. These discriminations have been cruelly aggravated by the imposition of some useless duties on farm products under the pretense that those duties increase the price of products we are obliged to sell in foreign markets, while at the same time the farmer is assured that a similar tariff on articles manufactured in this country reduced their price to the farmer. Now all the great staple farm crops of this country are too large for home consumption. The large surplus is sent to foreign markets, and the price of the entire crop is fixed by the price in those markets. Every burden that our government throws on the farmer to which his foreign competitor is not subject he must bear alone; he cannot transfer it to anyone else. No binding twine, according to the bureau of statistics, has been imported for several years, which shows that the duty of seven-tenths of a cent a pound is prohibitory. It brings no revenue to the government.

Of the thirty-five cordage and binding twine factories in the United States we are reliably informed that twenty-nine are owned and controlled by the National Cordage company of New York. These twenty-nine companies, in the combination or trust, produce 60 per cent. of the output. In 1890 the total product of binding twine was 50,000 tons. If the seven-tenths of a cent a pound tax was added to the price, this tax placed a burden of $700,000 on the farmers of the United States without counting perhaps an almost equal amount as the profits of the middlemen on the added tax. The raw material of which the twine is made is now on the free list. Can there be any excuse, then, for allowing a trust to continue its exactions from the farmer in Nebraska or elsewhere? The lifting of $700,000 taxes from the users of binding twine is not in itself a mere trifle, but it is offered as one even if a small step forward in the effort now making by tariff reformers to lift the great and crushing burdens from the farmer which the protective tariff has thrown upon him. I will remind Mr. Jones that the stamp act was a bagatelle. To a rich farmer like George Washington it was, as a money tax, too slight to be measured, but as an unjust exaction, the forerunner and associate of other unjust exactions, it was enough to make him undertake a great war.

### Canoeing in Scotland.

Lord and Lady Mount Stephen, who have spent very many years in Canada, have introduced canoeing in Scotland. They have taken the beautiful estate of Faskally, Perthshire, belonging to Mrs. Butler, which comprises a stretch of the picturesque river, Tummel, which runs through the Pass of Killiecrankie to Athole and all that district, and, in order to explore more fully, Lord Mount Stephen has brought home a Canadian canoe and two real Canadian boatmen. They have already shot some of the dangerous rapids of the Scotch river, and been investigating the salmon pools among the bowlders in otherwise unseen spots. Lord Mount Stephen intends to use his canoe later on for salmon fishing. The novelty has created a great deal of interest in the neighborhood, extending to the ducal party at Blair Athol castle. —London Queen.

### Pig Iron in March.

In the first week in March the iron furnaces in this country are said to have produced more pigs—122,200 tons—than in any previous week in history. One curious circumstance is that there were fewer furnaces in blast than in the preceding month.—New York Times.

### Towns with Histories.

The towns and villages of Yamhill county, Or., all have a history more or less interesting. Lafayette is probably the most historic in the county. It was founded by Joel Perkins about 1850, and named after his native town, Lafayette, Ind. Dayton, founded by General Joel Palmer and named after his native town, Dayton, O., was the principal shipping point for the entire Yamhill valley before the advent of railroads. McMinnville was founded by W. T. Newby in 1854, and named after his native town, McMinnville, Tenn.—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Worth 2,000 Times Its Weight in Gold.

The Sevres vase, given by Louis XVI to Tippoo Sahib, was sold in London in 1876 for a sum equal to $7,295 in American currency. The vase is very thin, urn shaped and only eight inches high. The gold exchanged as the purchase price of this relic weighed upward of 2,000 times as much as the vase itself. Talk about something being "worth its weight in gold!"—St. Louis Republic.

### Simple Rules of Life.

There was once a wise old man named Charles Darwin who said: "If you are warm, take something off. If you are cold, put more on. If you are hungry, eat. If you are thirsty, drink. Always consult your inclinations." This, it seems, in all things might be a brief but comprehensive rule of life.—New York Evening Sun.

### Not Prepared.

"Poor Browney fell off the yacht and was drowned."

"Couldn't he swim?"

"Of course he could, but he didn't have his swimming clothes on."—Harper's Bazar.

Pliny the elder mentions a breed of horses "from a land far to the north of Lybia," which was distinguished on account of a woolly mane which extended from between the ears to the root of the tail.

In the city of Belfast women have been allowed to vote since the city charter was amended a few years ago. The right was obtained through the efforts of a woman, Isabella Todd.

It is not merely a common saying that yawning is "catching," but the highest scientific authorities say that it is unquestionably true.

### Gone Off Ahead.

"I see most of your hair is gone," said Brown to Burton.

"Yes," replied Burton, "it's left for parts unknown."—Kate Field's Washington.

The largest shipment of apples ever made from the United States left Portland recently in the steamship Labrador, which carried more than 13,000 barrels of fine fruit to England.

A fine collection of Seventeenth century tobacco pipes has just been found under an old London cellar and deposited in the Guildhall museum.

The states west of the Missouri alone will cast one-fourth of the popular vote in the United States this fall.

The Boston board of health, in a tour of inspection at night in the North End tenement house district, found nine persons sleeping in one room, with windows and doors tightly closed.


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